RICHMOND, VA., MON DAY, MARCH 26, 1906.

MAYOR EXPLAINS FLAG SPEECH

Capt McCarthy an American Patriot from Centre to Circumference.

FLAGS INTERTWINE IN HIS OFFICE

Devotion to One and Respect and Regard for Other Are Thus Expressed-Would Promptly Repel Foreign Foe. Affection and

Mayor Carlton McCarthy gave out last night the appended statement regarding his now famous "flag" speech delivered before the Southern Ice Exchange last

Hopes.

"I have been the victim of numerous postal cards and letters and newspaper clippings since I dropped a passing remark about flags in the midst of a speech which would make a

ing remark about flags in the most of a speech which would make a column or two.

"The report of what I said was written by some stenographer who made evident his illiteracy by his effort to translate his stenographie notes into English. For instance, in the little quotation which you use, he makes me speak of the "battleftag of Virginia." No such flag ever floatedever existed! I have counted in this stenographic report perhaps fifty errors—some of which are grammatical, some typographical and others errors of fact; some things a never said, some things as they were not said, some things a they were not said, some things a they were not said, some things a flight of the said "any nation that a term of the said "any nation that were raised or ever fell." I hope also that I never said anywhere "a nation that knew no graft among thieves." It would be amusing if it was not so distressing to point out the helpless muddle of this accomplished stenographer.

His Love for the South

plished stenographer.

His Love for the South

His Love for the South

"The association which I addressed was the Southern Ice Exchange. Everybody falked about the desirability of building up the Industries, the manufactures, the enterprise, and the business of the South and Virginia, and what I meant by saying I recognize but two flags' was one way of saying that my interest and my devotion and my hopes were indissolubly associated with my State and the South.

"I had the honor of making the acquaintance of the Star-Spangled Banner before many of my crities were old enough to recognize it if they met it in the street, and I would like to relieve these anxious people of any unnecessary labor by informing them that I am not in need of any missionary work whatever. I had the pleasure a few months ago of giving an order for lifteen thousand Star-Spangled Banners and, further, the pleasure of suggesting that these he put in the hands of twolve thousand school children of Richmond, that they night greet the President with the rustle and color of sentiment of countiess waving emicence of our country. I feely intertwine in my office the Star-Spangled Banner and the battle flag of the Confederacy, and thus acknowledge. Banner and the battle flag of the Confederacy, and thus acknowledge my affectionate devotion to one and my respect and regard for the other.

Would Meet Foreign Foe.

"I have no doubt that I would be more prompt to meet a foreign foe with the Star-Spangled Banner than many of these anxious idiots who are tearing their hair over a passing remark. "As to the Confederate battle flag.

these words which follow about ex-press my sentiments towards it:

"Like the lingering charm of a dream that is fled,
The rose's breath when the rose is dead,
The ceho that lives when the time is done,
Sunset glories that follow the sun—Everything tender and everything fair,

fair,
That was and is not, yet still—is there! I am an American from centre

"I am an American from centre to circumference; others prefer to be Americans from circumference to centre. My patriotism begins with my home, Virginia; my neighbors, the South, and extends to my country's furthest bounds—this was the patriotism of Washington, Henry and Jefferson. Others prefer, for reasons best known to themselves, to get their patriotism from Washington and carry it home in diluted form."

AMERICAN WARSHIPS

ON WAY TO SHANGHAI

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Marche 25.—
Word reached the Navy Department that
the battleship Ohlo, the flagship of RearAdmiral Charles J. Train, had left Manila
for Shanghai. It is surposed that the
admiral is aboard the ship. The battleship Wisconsin, which also has been stationed at Manila, preceded the Ohlo to
Shanghai by one day. These movements,
the officials of the Bureau of Navigation
say, were not ordered by the department,
belog probably incidental to the approach
of warm weather, whose influence is beginning to be felt in the Philippines.

ship Wisconsin, which also has been stationed at Manila, preceded the Ohio to Shanghai by one day. These movements the officials of the Bureau of Navigation say, were not ordered by the department, being probably incidental to the approach of warm weather, whose influence is beginning to be felt in the Philippines.

VIRGINIANS GET BULK

OF LARGE FORTUNE

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

(Special to The Arnold Hunt, a well insurance agent, and John Hall, a Sewall insurance agent, and Charles Martin, a Raymond City brick-maker, Miss Ryan wrote an identical letter, promising each to marry him if he would come to Fayette Station yester-would come to Fayette Station yester-leaves the bulk of his fortune, estimated at half a million dollars, to Henry J Miller, of Danville, Va., and George B. Miller, of Danville, Va., and George B. Miller, of Danville, Va., and George B. Miller and Mrs. Emma Fray, both of Culpeper, Va. The deceased had resided bere since 1868.

The man who employs Times-Dis-patch Want Ads, as his agent secures a swift and sure method of reaching the people and filling his and their

THE VALUE, AS COMPARED WITH THE PRICE, 'IS' IM-MEASURABLE.

94 Positions of Every Description Advertised Yesterday in

Times-Dispatch Want Ads.

This is the indicator that points to Times-Dispatch Want Ads, as the em-ployment medium of Virginia.

IN ADDITION

THE CLASSIFIED COLUMNS,

March 25th, 1906,

PUBLISHED

407 Classified or Want Ads., Including 16 ads for Female Help, 33 ads for Agents and Salesmen, 313 other Miscellaneous Want Ads.

The Offerings in Rooms and Flats, with and without board, for the spring. movers is unsurpassed.

PULAJANES FELL UPON AMERICANS

Asked for Photograph—Fired on Party While Camera Was Being Adjusted

MANY KILLED AND INJURED

Governor Curry Missing, But Believed to Be Alive-Probably in Hiding.

MANILA, March 26 .- According to ad vices received to-day, the recent fight at Magtaon, Samar, between the constabulary and Pulajanes, was the resul of base treachery on the part of the natives. As a result of the fight thirty Pulajanes were killed and 15 of the con-stabulary were killed and wounded.

A dispatch received from Captain Jones of the constabulary at Magtaon says that on March 23d Governor Curry, Judge Lobinger and Superintendent of Schools Hoover arrived there and camped over

night near the Pulajanes. The presence of the officials was made known to the rebellious natives and their leader announced that he would surrender his force the next day. As a result of this promise, the Americans returned to the two of Magtaon accompanied by Colonel Aguilar, a pulajane chief.

Fired on Party
The next day, Saturady, four chiefs
of the Pulajanes, with over one hundred

The next day, Saturady, four chiefs of the Pulajanes, with over one hundred men and fourteen guns, appeared at Magtaon and lined up in front of the constabulary barracks. Between the barracks and the Pulajanes stood the group of American officials.

One of the chief's expressed a wish that his party be photographed in the act of surrendering, and Superintendent Hoover, in compiliance with the request, was adjusting his camera when the Pulajanes leader blew a whistle and gave an order to advance. The entire party of nativos thereupon rushed upon the American officials, who escaped to the Magtaon river and swam to the opposite bank. When the treachery of the natives was apparent, the constabulary immediately opened fire and a flerce fight ensued, in which the constabulary gained a decisive victory. The Pulajanes were chased to the mountains, but the pursuers lost more guistian they captured.

The Americans were later found with the exception of Governor Curry. He was lust seen being chased by Pulajanes, and it is now believed he is hiding in the dense brush in that locality.

Three hundred constabulary are now on the trail of the fucilitye natives, and searching for Governor Curry.

Physician Killed.

(By Associated Press.) (By Associated Press.)

CROCKET, TEX., March 25.—Dr. Hall Wilson, a practicing physician, living at the small fown of Augusta, was last night shot and killed by Ellis Tims, a merchant and postmaster, who surrendered to the officers, and claims self-defense. Reports conflict as to the cause of the tragedy, Dr. Wilson loaves a large family.

PROMISED TO WED 3:

ELOPED WITH FOURTH

Expectant Suitors Gathered and

Were Handed Note From

Girl Already Married.

(Special to The Times-Disputch.)

FAYETTE STATION, W. VA., March

GOES TO DEATH IN ICY CURRENT

Many Believe This is the Governor of Iowa As-Fate of Aged Truman Stoddard.

CREPT FROM HOME IN EARLY MORNING

Tracked to River's Edge By Footprints in Snow-Police Notified and Search is Pressed

By Them and Also By Many of His Friends.

Mr. Truman Stoddard, 72 years of age and a well-known resident of Richmond is missing from his home and his friends and relatives are enclined to the belief that he has committed suicide.

He lived with his son-in-law, Mr. J He lived with his son-in-law, Arr. J. Lester Taylor, at No. 230 South Pfth Street and for the past several months had been in declining health. He suffered much with pains in his legs and could not sleep well. Often he made the remark that he was going to commit solede and end all of his trouble and pain, but none of the relatives thought seriously of his thereat although he was watched closely by his aged wife and his daughter.

daughter. Yesterday morning shortly after four o'clock, after having walked the floor of his room for an hour or so, suffering from pains in the legs, he left the house. Mrs. Stoddard heard him pass out the front door and immediately called her son-in-law, Mr. Taylor. The latter was out of the house, five minutes after Mr. Stoddard left.

after Mr. Stoddard left. . Mr. Taylor traced his father-in-law Mr. Taylor traced his father-in-law down to Sixth Street by his tracks in the snow but here lost the trail. Fearing that the aged man had attempted to end his life by jumping into the river at some point near, Mr. Taylor searched carefully along the banks of the stream until late in the morning. Before five o'clock in the morning and less than an hour after Mr. Stoddard had left the house, Mr. Taylor had searched the banks of the river north of Seventh Street for some trace of the man. He could not of the river north of Seventh Street for some trace of the man. He could not find any clue.

Police Searching for Him.

Chief of Police Werner was notified of the disappearance of Mr. Stoddard and at once detailed several men to search, for the man. The entre police force was acquainted with the fact that the man was missing, and every officer made inquiries through the day.

If the earth had opened up and swallowed the man, his disappearance could not have been more complete.

Only once, so far as is known, was he

ont have been more complete.

Only once, so far as is known, was he seen after leaving his home. He passed a gentleman at the north end of the foot bridge at the foot of Seventh Street. The gentleman, who knew Mr. Stoddard, inquired where he was going at such an early hour, and received the reply: "The same place that you are going."

The watchman on the Island at the bridge and would not allow hi mto cross. He turned back from this point, and nothing has been heard of him since.

The aged wife of Mr. Stoddard is prostrated with grief. The relatives of the man have been notified and are expected in the city as early as practicable.

Offers a Reward,

Offers a Reward,

Offers a Reward,
Mr. Taylor is greatly worried over the disappearance of his father-in-inw and is inclined to the belief that he has committed suicide. He has offered a reward of \$25 for any information that will lead to the whereabouts of Mr. Stoddard.
When he left home, he was dressed in a dart; suit and wore a lithit hat, with a blue band around it. Mr. Stoddard is sevenity-two years old and has a gray beard about four inches long.

For fitty-six years he was employed as miller at the Gallego Mills, and is sober and steady in his habits. For the past few months he has been in ill-health, and this fact weighed heavily on his mind.

few months he has been in his hearth, and this fact weighed heavily on his mind.

He was well known to many citizens, and when the alarm was given yesterday that he was missing from his home, there were scores who joined in the search for him.

The general opinion is that he jumped from the free bridge into the James River, and that his body was washed down by the swollen current.

Three Children Die in Flames.

Three Children Die in Flaines,
(By Associated Press.)
ONFORD, Fl.A., March 25.—The three
children of Junius Bacheris were burned
to death in their home near here last
night during the absence of the parents.
The children were too young to know
what to do to escape, one being five, one
two years old and the other an Infant.
The house was destroyed and the bodies
incharated.

PASTOR KILLED BY BOLT AND CHURCH SET AFIRE

Preacher Struck By Lightning While Addressing Congregation From Pulpit.

(By Associated Press.) CARSON, 16WA, March 25.-While predefing to his congregation to-day, Rev. J. B. Lentz, pastor of a Latter Day Saint's Church, was struck by lightning, which caused his death within an hour. The lott was communicated by a chande-

Her.
The church took fire, but the flames were soon extinguished.

Nine Convicts Escape.

Nine Convicts Escape.

(By Associated Press.)"

ATLANTA, GA., March 25.—Nine convicts escaped from the city stockade hery to-night. The delivery was accomplished by the filling of a steel bur over a window. One of the men, a white man, was captured, sharches about his ankles preventing his escape. The police have been unable to locate the other eight.

ELKINS RAILROAD SENATOR, HE SAYS

sails West Virginia Politician.

HAD DECIDED RATE CASE IN ADVANCE

'Your Cross-Examination Was What Attorney for Railway Company Would Have Conducted," Says State Execu-

(By Associated Press.) DES MOINES, IOWA, March 25.—Gov rnor Cummins has mailed to Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, a reply to the senator's letter, in which he criticised statements made by the Governor it speeches to the voters of lown regarding ils examination before the Senate Commille on Interstate Commerce, when it had under consideration the reliway rate

The Governor says that the Senator necused him of falsehood in declaring that his cross-examination was hostlie; that an attorney of the railway companies sat at the right of Senator Eikins during the examination; that Senator Eikins appeared to be in communication and sympathy with this attorney, and that the attorney handled to Senator Eikins questions to be asked the Governor. The letter of the Governor to the Senator then continues:

Decided in Advance.

Decided in Advance.

"If you understood your duties and obligations as chairman of a legislative committee to be similar to those of an advocate, I have no criticism to make for your conduct, except to say that you were on the side of the railways instead of on the side of the railways instead of on the side of the people. I have thought, however, that as chairman of such a committee, your duties and obligations were more greatly like those of a judge—namely, to hear both sides patiently, without bias or prejudice, and then to decide impartially, without fear of favor. You heard patiently, but it was clearly apparently in your cross-examination that you had decided the case in favor of the railroads, and were determined to shatter my evidence if you could. The cross-examination shows conclusively that you had made up your mind that the proposed authority ought not to be given was unnecessary, dangerous and filled with disaster to commerce. It was from beginning to end just such cross-examination as an attorney for the railway companies would have conducted, and it was unseemly for you to assume that attitude.

Scene at Hearing.

Scene at Hearing.

Scene at Hearing.

"The scene in your committee room is sharply stamped on my memory, and it is impossible that I can be mistaken about it. Sitting squarely at your right hand, just a trifle behind you, sat a gentleman who, as I was afterwards informed, is ex-Senator Faulkner. I inquired what relation he bore to the investigation, and I was told that he was an employe of the railway companies to resist the proposed law. I do not know whether the other Senators saw him or not, for their faces were turned toward me, and therefore away from him, but I do know that you saw him-first, because he was so close to you that you could not turn your head without seeing him; second, because you were in conversation with him a part of the time; third, because I saw him, with his hand on your shoulder, pass to you questions, which you read and then put to them. There can be no mistake about this, for my senses were as alert just then as human faculties can be.

faculties can be.

"You may believe that an investigation carried on in this manner is in accordance with fairness and decency. I do not. You may continue in your belief it you like, but I shall continue in my denunciation. faculties can b

Railroad Senator.

"It appears to me that if you propose to assail all persons and papers and magazines that have admitted your loyalty to the railroads and questioned your fidelity to the people, you should give some attention to the attacks that come from opints marer Washington than I saw. The truth is, Senator, that you have fairly established the reputation of standing for the railroads in the

(Continued on Second Page.)

THE WEATHER

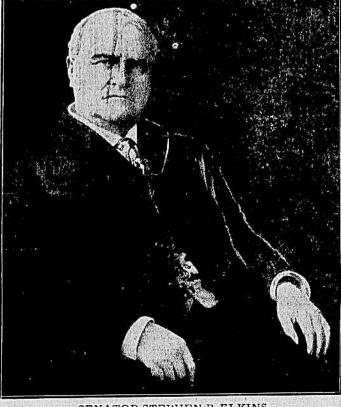
Forecast: Virginia—Fair and warmer Monday: Tuesday, showers; light, variable winds, becoming southeast, North Carolina—Fair and warmer Mon-day; Tuesday, showers; light north, shift-ing to cast, winds.

Conditions Yesterday, Itiehmnod's weather was cold cloudy. Thermometer at midnight, 37, Conditions in Important Cities.

(At S P. M., Eastern Time.)
6. Ther. High. T. Weather
Hie, N. C..... 35 | 12 Cloudy
18 62 Cloudy
18 63 Cloudy
19 64 Cloudy Place, N. C.... Asheville, N. C. Athanta, Ga. Haffalo, N. Y. Charlotte Chicago, H. Chichago, H. Chichago, H. Chichago, H. Chichago, H. Chichago, M. C. Jacksonyille Norfolk, Yu. Oklahoma City-Pitsburg, Pa. Raloigh Savannah Washington

Miniature Almanac. Sun rises.... 6:03 Sun sets.... 6:25 Moon sets.... 7:11

WEST VIRGINIA SENATOR IS ASSAILED BY IOWA GOVERNOR



SENATOR STEPHEN B. ELKINS.

BIG FIRE SWEEPS ROBBINS MAKES OPEN THREATS OVER FAYETTEVILLE

Says He Will Break Away From Large Portion of North Carolina Agreement and Run Mines on Advanced Scale.

THE PRICES OF COAL TO GO UP HOSPITAL PATIENTS REMOVED

Operators Issue Statement Declaring This Will Be Result If Miners Win.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 25 .-Bituminous coal operators and miners of the central competitive and the south-

western districts will make a final effort to-morrow to come to a decision as to whether a wage scale, to go into effect on April 1st, can be agreed on. joint scale committees of the joint conferences of the two districts will resume their sessions to-morrow morning, after delock lasting five days, during which there has been no indications of

weakening of either side. The miners demand an advance in wages of 5.55 per cent., which is the restoration of the wage scale of 1903. F. L. Robbins, speaking for the operators of Western Pennsylvania, has offered to pay this advance and has threatened the operators of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, who are standing firmly against the payment of any advance, that, unless they recede from their position, he will break recede from their position, he was break away from their interstate agreement and run his mines on the advanced scale. Whether the miners will agree to sign by districts and allow the mines of Western Pennsylvania to run while those of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio stand idle, is a question that has not been openly settled. The situation has not changed since the ioint scale committees adjourned over

Sunday.

Indications point to a disagreement of the two joint committees, and the probable calling together of the joint conference to-morrow afternoon, when the fight

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

Rough Estimates Place Loss at

Over \$200,000-Worst in

Town Wiped Out By Mid-

night Blaze,

Twenty-five Years. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.) FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., March 26. fire at infinight, starting in the rear of the Thornton dry goods store, destroy ed half of the northern block on Hay

Street, West and Northwest Market Square, and the whole of Highsmith block to Highsmith Hospital, which at this minutes looks to be safe. The property burned was as follows:

Ray grocery store. Prior jewelry store.

Thornton dry-goods store.

Thornton dry-goods store.

Kyle building, leased to National Bank
of Fayetteville.
Fayetteville Gas and Electric Company,
Lutterioh store, vacant.

Mrs. Baucome, millinery,
Cumberland Cafe and Bike Railway,
R. M. Jackson, groceries, vacant tenement.

ment.
It is impossible to estimate loss at
this hour. The fire is considered the
most disastrous in twenty-five years.
The inmates of Highsmith Hospital were
removed to Martin's Hotel, in perfect

quiet.

The fire department worked nobly and Capinin J. D. McNelli rendered most efficient service. Rough estimates place the loss at from \$150,000 to \$250,000.

Meeting of Tract Society. (By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, March 25.-The Washington meeting of the American Tract So-ciety was held to-night in the Lattice Place Micmorial Church. Justice Brewer, the Superior Court of the Unityal States, innurary system president, presided; General delivered the address, and Rev. Judson Swift, field secretary at New York, made a report.

UNEASY AT CONDITION OF KING OF ENGLAND

Another Operation On Left Knee Found to Be Absolutely Necessary.

GOVERNOR PATTISON SAID TO HAVE CANCER

Comewhat More Restless, But No Important Change in Condition Noticed. (By Associated Press.)

COLUMBUS, OHIO, March 25.—The physicians attending Governor Pattison gave out the following statement at 10:50 l'clock to-night: "Governor Pattison has been somewhat

"Governor Pattison has been somewhat more restless, otherwise no important change has occurred since the last statement was issued. Pulse, 198; respiration, 21; femperature normal."

A story printed to-day that the Governor is suffering from cancer of the prostate gland is neither affirmed or denied by the physicians. The kidney trouble from which he suffected is now said to be only a complication attending the real malady.

BODY DISCOVERED JAMMED INTO TRUNK

(By Associated Press.)

STECKEEN (*1... March 25.—The body of Albert N. McVear, who had been condlyzed to the rawshide nine at James-town T-balance county, was discovered primured field a forget translation. A baggageman made the discovery. Officers assect tha the man was placed in the trunk while yet alive. A small book containing an account between J. C. Lestie and M. Farre, was found in a pocket. The police are endeavoring to find Mrs. McVear.

RUSSIA FACING ANOTHER CRISIS

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Question Now of Whether Reform or Reaction Will Prevail.

WITTE ON VERGE OF COLLAPSE, HOLDS ON

Has Determined, if Possible, to See Emperor and Country Through Coming Trouble. Official Says No Danger of An Armed Revolution.

(By Associated Press.) ST. PETERSBURG. March 25,-The

Associated Press is able to give the results of an important conversation with t high personage regarding the situation in Russia. Neither the name nor the ented, but his competency to speak upon he situation can be vouched for. The conversation, which covered a wide range left the distinct impression that the aswould bring a crisis, but not the crisis anticipated abroad. The government evidently is absolutely convinced that an armed revolution or a general uprising possible, and that the danger now is not that the government will be overthrown, but that it will be driven to abandon ts path of reform.

lutionists are at present conducting," said the personage referred to, "cannot succeed, Acts of terrorism doubtless will continue-vengeance may be wrecked upon governors, generals and policemasters; Count Witte, the premier, and Minister of the Interior Durnovo may be blown up, and there may even be be blown up, and there may even by produce widespread risings in the cities or a repetition of the rallroad strike are domed to failure. The government has a firm grip and every measure to preyenf excess will be taken.

Reform or Reaction.

"The reservists have been discharge! and the recruits have been arrised and have joined the ranks. Regiments which then consisted of four hundred men, now have two thousand men. Two army corps have returned from Manchuria and more regulars are arriving daily. The reliability of the army as a whole, is unquestionable. The weight of troops a recountry impossible. alone renders a revolution impossible.

"It is not now a question of the fall of the government, but of whether reform or reaction will prevail—whether the present struggle to supplant to the old regime and secure larger liberties for the people will enter the Parliament phase, or a counter-revolution will sweep away the entire programme on which the government has entered. The Emperor is sincerely and honestly desirous of meeting the wishes of his people and has given them his word to this effect. But a reactionary party exists, It is composed of the aristocracy, with a powerful backing in high places, and, above all, it enjoys the support of the military faction, which in a country like Russia is an immense factor.

"Should the Parliament attempt to take alone renders a revolution impossible

ton, which is a country the russia is an immense factor.

"Should the Parliament attempt to take the bull by the horns for the deposition of the Emperor and the destruction of the whole fabric of government, the new regime might be overwhelmed with disaster.

"A demand for the convocation of a constituent assembly would not be tolerated. It probably would result instantly in a summons to the Preobrajensk or other guard regiments to disperse the Parliament with bayonets.

Attitude of Lews

Attitude of Jews.

"The present indications are that the Parliament will be conservative, and it might, instead of raising a clamor for the overthrow of the government, seriously to work to solve the great and pressing questions on which the future

depends.
It is now clear that the element that is abstaining from voting is purely re-

It is now clear that the element that is abstaining from voting is purely revolutionary."

"And the Jews?"

"The recent developments have undoubtedly prejudleed their position. The Emperor wanted to see justice done and the public sympathized with their demand for equity before the law; but unhamply, the attitude of the Jews since the Emperor's manifeste has allenated much of the symmathy for them. It is undenlable that they have been guilty of excesses everywhere, that they were on the firing line in the revolution and no longer contented themselves by saking for equality with the Russians, but insisted on the complete downfall of the government.

"The Russian masses who believe that they want to overthrow the emperor are easily incited against them, "Of course it is possible that slight anti-Sentite manifestations will occur during Easter, but as long as Count Witte is premier, messacres are impossible. Nevertheless, in the presence of this state of feeling, the government cannot assume the responsibility for promulgating a law of equality; the parliament itself must decide the question of the status of the Jews.

Witte on Verge of Collapse.

Witte on Verge of Collapse.

Witte on Verge of Collapse.

"The question, however, on which the future of the country and its prosperity depends, is the adoption of some method for satisfying the land-hunger of the peasants, whe comprise eighty per cent. of Russia's immense population. The government would prefer to leave a solution of the question, if possible, to parliament.

"Regarding the financial cutlook: The present difficulty in securing a loan is due rather to the political situation abroad than to internal conditions, as foreign financiers realize that they can obtain better terms for a loan now than after the parliament meets."

The Associated Press was given to understand that Count Witts was almost on the verge of a break-nown, but had determined if possible to see the